Course Contents Ph.D. in Agronomy

Agron 601: Current Trends in Agronomy (1st Semester)Credit Hours: 3+0Theory: 100

Unit I

Agro-physiological basis of variation in yield, recent advances in soilplantwater relationship.

Unit II

Globalization of agriculture and WTO, precision agriculture, contract farming, organic farming, marketing and export potential of organic products, certification, labeling and accreditation procedures and ITK in organic farming.

Unit III

Crop residue management in multiple cropping systems; latest developments in plant managementMechanizationin crop production: modern agricultural precision tools and technilogies, weed management, cropping systems, grassland management, agro-forestry, allelopathy.

Unit IV

GIS, GPS and remote sensing for crop management, global warming, GM crops, seed production technology; seed certification, seed multiplication, hybrid seedproduction etc.

Unit V

Concepts of system agriculture; holistic approach of farming systems, dryland farming, sustainable agriculture and research methodology in Agronomy. Conservation agriculture, principles, prospects and importance, potential benefits of CA under climate change scenario, policy issues.

Agron 602	: Recent Trends in Crop Growth and Productivity (1 st Semester)
Credit Hours	: 2+1
Theory	
Unit I	

Plant density and crop productivity; plant and environmental factors, yield, plant distribution, strategies for maximizing solar energy utilization; leaf area; interception of solar radiation and crop growth; photosynthesis: the photosynthetic apparatus, factors essential for photosynthesis; difference in photosynthetic rates among and within species; physiological limitations to crop yield; solar radiation concept and agro-techniques for harvesting solar radiation.

Unit II

Growth analysis: concept, CGR, RGR, NAR, LAI, LAD, LAR; validity and Limitations in interpreting crop growth and development; growth curves: sigmoid, polynomial and asymptotic; root systems; root-shoot relationship; principles involved in inter and mixed cropping systems under rainfed and irrigated conditions; concept and differentiation of inter and mixed cropping; criteria in assessing the yield advantages.

Unit III

Competitive relationship and competition functions; biological and agronomic basis of yield advantage under intercropping; physiological principles of dry land crop production, constraints and remedial measures; heat unit concept of crop maturity: concept and types of heat units.

Unit IV

Concept of plant ideotypes: crop physiological and new ideotypes; characteristics of ideotype for wheat, rice, maize, etc.; concept and types of growth hormones; their role in field crop production; efficient use of resources.

Practical

- Field measurement of root-shoot relationship in crops at different growth stages
- Estimation of growth evaluating parameters like CGR, RGR, NAR, LAI etc., at

different stages of crop growth

- Computation of harvest index of various crops
- Assessment of crop yield on the basis of yield attributing characters
- Construction of crop growth curves based on growth analysis data
- Computation of competition functions, viz. LER, IER aggressivity competition indexetc in intercropping
- Senescence and abscission indices
- Analysis of productivity trend in un-irrigated areas
- Analysis of productivity trend in irrigated areas

Agron 603	: Irrigation Management (1 st Semester)
Credit Hours	: 2+1
Theory	

Unit I

Global water resources; Water resources of India, irrigation projects during pre and post independence period and their significance in crop production; irrigation needs, atmospheric, soil, agronomic, plant and water factors affecting irrigation need; water deficits and crop growth.

Unit II

Movement of water in soil-water movement under saturated and unsaturated conditions, Poiseulle's and Darcy's law, general equation of saturated and unsaturated flow of water in soil.

Soil-plant-water relationships, evaporation, transpiration and evapotranspiration, significance of transpiration, energy utilization in transpiration, physiological processes and crop productivity.

Unit III

Water requirement, irrigation needs, factors affecting irrigation need; water use efficiency, Infiltration; water movement under saturated and unsaturated conditions; management practices for improving water use efficiency of crops.

Unit IV

Soil and plant water potential, SPAC, transpiration and evapotranspiration, significance of transpiration, energy utilization in transpiration, factors affecting ET, control of ET by mulching and use of anti-transpirents; fertilizer use in relation to irrigation.

Unit V

Crop water stress - water deficits and crop growth, adoptability to the

crops. Water availability with relation to nutrient availability.

Unit VI

Application of irrigation water, conveyance and distribution system, irrigation efficiency; agronomic considerations in the design and operation of irrigation projects; characteristics of irrigation and farming systems affecting irrigation management.

Unit VII

Strategies of using limited water supply; factors affecting ET, control of ET by mulching and use of anti-transpirants; fertilizer use in relation to irrigation; optimizing the use of given irrigation supplies.

Unit VIII

Land suitability for irrigation, land irrigability classification; integrated water management in command areas, institution of water management in commands, farmer's participation in command areas; irrigation legislation.

Unit IX

Economic analysis of irrigation and cop planning for optimum use of irrigation water

Unit X

Crop water production function

Practical

- Determination of water infiltration characteristics and water holding capacity of soil profiles.
- Determination Moisture extraction pattern of crops
- Determination of water balance component of transplanted rice by drum culture technique
- Determination of consumptive use and water requirement of a given cropping pattern
- Determination of crop efficient of one important crop
- Planning, designing and installation of drip irrigation system
- Planning, designing and installation of sprinkler irrigation system
- Designing of drainage channel
- Measurement of irrigation efficiencies
- Determination of irrigation timing under different methods of irrigation
- Visit to irrigation command area

Classroom teaching with AV aids, group discussion, oral presentation by students.

Agron 604: Recent Trends in Weed Management (2nd Semester)Credit Hours: 2+0Theory

Unit I

Crop-weed competition in different cropping situations; changes in weed flora, various causes and effects; different methods of weed management. Migration, introduction, adaptation of weeds, Invasive weeds – biology and management. Different mechanisms of invasion – present status and factors influencing weed invasion.

Unit II

Physiological and biological aspects of herbicides, their absorption, translocation, metabolism and mode of action; selectivity of herbicides and factors affecting them.

Unit III

Climatic factors and phytotoxicity of herbicides; fate of herbicides in soil and factors affecting them, Degradation of herbicides in soil and plantsfactors affecting it, primary and secondary metabolites, residue management of herbicides, adjuvants.

Unit IV

Advances in herbicide products and application techniques and methods; herbicide resistance; antidotes and crop protection compatibility of herbicides of different groups; compatibility of herbicides with other pesticides; herbicide rotation and herbicide mixtures.

Unit V

Development of transgenic herbicide resistant crops; herbicide development, registration procedures.

Relationship of herbicides with tillage, fertilizer, and irrigation, cropping system; bioherbicides, allelochemical and alleloherbicides, herbicide bioassays. Recent advances in nonchemical weed management including deleterious rhizobacteria, robotics, biodegradable film, etc.

Agron 605: Integrated Farming Systems and Sustainable
Agriculture (2nd Semester)

Credit Hours : 2+0 Theory

Unit I

Integrated Farming systems (IFS): definition, scope and importance; classification of IFS based on enterprises as well as under rainfed/irrigated condition in different land situation. farming systems according to type of rotation, intensity of rotation, degree of commercialization, water supply, enterprises.

Unit II

Concept of sustainability in of Integrated farming systems; efficient Integrated farming systems based on economic viability and natural resources - identification and management.

Unit III

Production potential of different components of Integrated farming systems; interaction and mechanism of different production factors; stability of Integrated Farming system based on research/long term information. in different systems through research; eco-physiological approaches to intercropping. Integration of components and adaptability of different farming system based on land situations and climatic condition of a region; evaluation of IFS.

Unit IV

Simulation models for intercropping; soil nutrient in intercropping; preparation of different farming system models; evaluation of different farming systems. Formation of different Integrated Farming system Models; evaluation of different Integrated Farming system models. Recycling of organic waste in farming system, in IFS.

Unit V

New concepts and approaches of farming system and organic farming; value addition, waste recycling, quantification and mitigation of Green House gases; case studies/ success stories of different Integrated Farming systems. cropping systems and organic farming; case studies on different farming systems. Possible use of ITK in Integrated farming system.

Agron 606
Semester): Soil Conservation and Watershed Management (2ndCredit Hours
Theory: 2+1

Unit I

Soil erosion: definition, nnature and extent of erosion, types of erosion, factors affecting erosion.

Unit II

Soil conservation: definition, methods of soil conservation; agronomic measures - contour cultivation, strip cropping, cover crops; mulching, tillage, cropping system vegetative barriers; improved dry farming practices; mechanical measures - bunding, gully control, bench terracing; role of grasses and pastures in soil conservation; wind breaks and shelter belts.

Unit III

Watershed management: definition, objectives, concepts, approach, components, steps in implementation of watershed; development of cropping systems for watershed areas.

Unit IV

Land use capability classification, alternate land use systems; agroforestry; ley farming; *jhum* management - basic concepts, socio-ethnic aspects, its layout.

Unit V

Drainage, methods of drainage, Drainage considerations and agronomic management; rehabilitation of abandoned *jhum* lands and measures to prevent soil erosion.

Practical

- Study of different types of erosion
- Determination of dispersion ratio
- Estimation of soil loss by Universal Soil Loss Equation
- Estimation of soil loss by wind erosion
- Measurement of runoff and soil loss
- Field studies of different soil conservation measures
- Laying out run-off plot and deciding treatments
- Identification of different grasses and trees for soil conservation
- Visit to watershed areas
- Visit to a soil conservation research centre, demonstration and training centre

Agron 607	: Stress Crop Production (3 rd Semester)
Credit Hours	: 2+1
Theory	
Unit I	

Stress and strain terminology; nature and stress injury and resistance; causes of stress.

Unit II

Low temperature stress: freezing injury and resistance in plants, measurement of freezing tolerance, chilling injury and resistance in plants, practical ways to overcome the effect of low temperature tress through, soil and crop manipulations.

Unit III

High temperature or heat stress: meaning of heat stress, heat injury and resistance in plants, practical ways to overcome the effect of heat stress through soil and crop manipulations.

Unit IV

Water deficit stress: meaning of plant water deficient stress and its effect on growth and development, water deficit injury and resistance, practical ways to overcome effect of water deficit stress through soil and crop, manipulations.

Unit V

Excess water or flooding stress: meaning of excess water stress, its kinds and

effects on crop plants, excess water stress injury and resistance, practical ways to overcome excess water stress through soil and crop manipulations.

Unit VI

Salt stress: meaning of salt stress and its effect on crop growth, salt stress injury and resistance in plants, practical ways to overcome the effect of salt stress through soil and crop manipulations.

Unit VII

Mechanical impedance of soil and its impact on plant growth; measures to overcomesoil mechanical impedance.

Unit VIII

Environmental pollution: air, soil and water pollution, and their effect on crop growth and quality of produce; ways and means to prevent environmental pollution.

- Determination of electrical conductivity of plant cell sap
- Determination of osmotic potential and tissue water potential
- Measurement of transpiration rate
- Measurement of stomatal frequency
- Measurement of Relative Water Content of leaf
- Measurement of electrolytic leakage
- Growing of plants in sand culture under salt stress for biochemical and physiological studies
- Studies on effect of osmotic and ionic stress on seed germination and seedling growth
- Measurement of low temperature injury under field conditions
- Studies on plant responses to excess water.

Agron 608	:	Research	and	Publication	Ethics
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Credit Hours : 0+2

Theory

Unit I

Introduction to philosophy: definition, nature and scope, concept, branches

Unit II

Ethics: definition, moral philosophy, nature of moral judgements and reactions

Unit III

Scientific conduct: Ethics with respect to science and research, intellectual honesty and research integrity, Scientific misconducts- falsifications, fabrications and plagiarism (FFP): Redundant publications: duplicate and overlapping publications, salami slicing; selective reporting and misrepresentation of data

Unit IV

Publication ethics: Defination, introduction and importance. Best practices/standard setting initiatives and guidelines: COPE, WAME, etc., conflicts of interest. Publication misconduct: definition, concept, problems that lead to unethical behaviour and vice versa, type, violation of publication ethics, authorship and contributorship, Identification of publication misconduct, complaints and appeals, predatorypublishers and journals

Unit V

Open access publishing: open access publication and initiatives: SHERPA, RoMEO online resource to checkpublisher copy right and selfarchivingpolicies; software tool to identify predatory publications developed by SPPU, Journal finder/journal suggestions tools viz., JANE, Elsevier Journal Finder, Springer Journal Suggesteretc.

Unit VI

Publication misconduct: Group discussions- subject specific ethical issues, FFP, authorship, conflicts of interest, complaints and appeals examples and fraud from India and abroad. Software tools: Use of plagiarism software like Turnitin, Urkund and other open sourcesoftware tools

Unit VII

Database and Research metrics: Indexing data base, citation database, web of science, scopus, etc. Impact factor of journal as per journal citation report, SNIP, SJR, IPP, Cite Score; Metrics: h-index, g-index, i10-index altmetrics.

4th Semester: Research work

5th Semester: Research work

Agron 691: Doctoral Seminar (6th Semester)

Credit Hours : 1+0

Agron 692: Doctoral Research (6th Semester)

Credit Hours : 75